How Can You Support Your Software Development Method with Essence?



Mira Kajko-Mattsson

KTH Royal Institute of Technology Stockholm, Sweden mekm2@kth.se



Agenda

- Part 1: Introduction
 - SEMAT and Essence
 - Essence Kernel
- Part 2: Using the Kernel
 - Scenario on Solving Pain Points
- Part 3: Exercising the Kernel
- Part 4: The value of the Kernel
- Part 5: Kernel cont. & Kernel Extensions



Acknowledgements

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SEMAT: Software Engineering Method and Theory



Founded by Ivar Jacobson, Bertrand Meyer, Richard Soley in 2009



Re-found software engineering as a rigorous discipline based on a general theory of software engineering and a unifying process framework

Common Ground



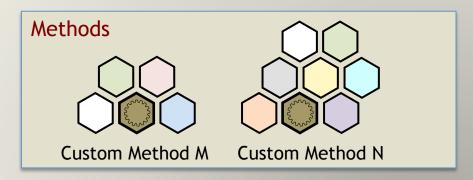
Everyone of us knows how to develop **our own** software, but as a community we have **no** widely accepted common ground

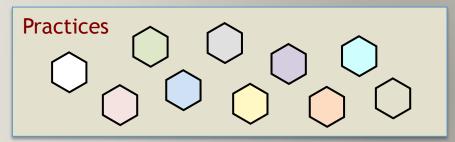
Measures

Find a kernel of widely agreed elements



What is Essence?





Kernel

Essence Kernel



Language

Essence Language



Essence - Kernel and Language for Software Engineering Methods

http://www.omg.org/spec/Essence/Current



Mira and SEMAT

Practice Development Track

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SEMAT Newsletter

semat.org



Broadening means that areas other than software engineering v engineering, high-school education. In other words, areas deali

Right now, we continue working on the area of software engin have submitted for publication a paper titled "Scrum Powered practice is enabled and enhanced using the Essence kernel and foundation for defining software engineering practices. These potential gaps, make needed practice improvements, and assen team. In addition, by providing practical checklists, as oppose something the team uses on a daily basis. This is a fundament method description seems to dominate as opposed to method u

June Sung Park, Ivar Jacobson, Barry Myburgh and Pontus Jol Tomorrow-An Industrial Perspective". The paper was present paper provides an historical overview of where SEMAT started future. The paper is aimed primarily at readers from Industry. theory, the paper does little to develop discussion about theory

The first meeting of the Board of Directors (BoD) of SEMAT Is BoD members - Drs. Ivar Jacobson, Paul Nielsen and Martin G Secretary Paul McMahon and Treasurer Cecile Praire. The Bo SEMAT Inc.

The OMG Essence Finalization TF is currently going through b world. The final revised version is likely to be approved by the becomes a formal standard specification for the Kernel and Lan

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Welcome Newsletter

01/10/2014 2014-3

Dear Reader.

- Industry discovers Essence · Semat Tomorrow
- Chapter Reports
- · Area Reports Semat Events

Autumn has come by kicking summer out on its powerful reign. It has not only made our earth ripe but it has also made Essence attractive. More and more companies are on their way to adopt Essence and more and more universities teach Essence. This issue descibes Semat's priorities of today and plans for the future. It also presents the state of practice of adopting Essence and the results of some of the SEMAT Chapters and Areas.



OMG Board of Directors Announce

On June 16, 2014, the Object Management "Essence Kernel and Language for Softv (http://www.omg.org/news/releases/pr2014/0

"We're very excited that Essence has Dr. Richard Soley, Chairman and CEO and language, Essence allows practition methods. A very large 'thank you' to our getting it through the OMG technology as

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Industry discovers Essence

Until the Essence standard was adopted in June it was hard for the industry to get any concrete value out of SEMAT. Now, however, many large and well-known companies are getting more and more engaged and are introducing Essence in their teams at different levels. Typically for these engagements, there is interest both at the team level and at the executive level. The executives see great value in the lightweight governance that Essence provides and in being able to accommodate the teams with a practice library from which they can mix and match practices that work for them. The developers are interested in being able to independently measure progress of the practices they use and in being able to learn from other teams in a systematic way.

We are now working with a rather large set of potential adopters. Some of them are:

- · A company owning one of the most popular web sites in the world. The task is to evaluate Essence and SEMAT in a team.
- · A national transportation company. It is about agile but not just as a craft but as an engineering discipline.
- · A large service provider who has invested in the practice-based approach over several years is now seeing great progress and is going to scale up.
- One of the largest outsourcing companies in the world. The team to start is the company's process organization interested in the lightness of Essence and its support for agility in an engineering manner.
- A global telecom equipment vendor is using the practice-based approach supported by
- · One of the most innovative product companies in the world, which is, in particular, interested in Industrial internet
- · One of the largest financial institutions in the world

Most likely several of these critical engagements will turn into adoption.



The Education Area is in the process of creating hands-on exercises to be used by the novice learners. So far, it has created the first vention of an exercise called "Lady Bug".

The exercise deals with a private kindergarten, Lady Bug, that

has commissioned a small software company to develop a kindergarten administrative tool. The exercise is already

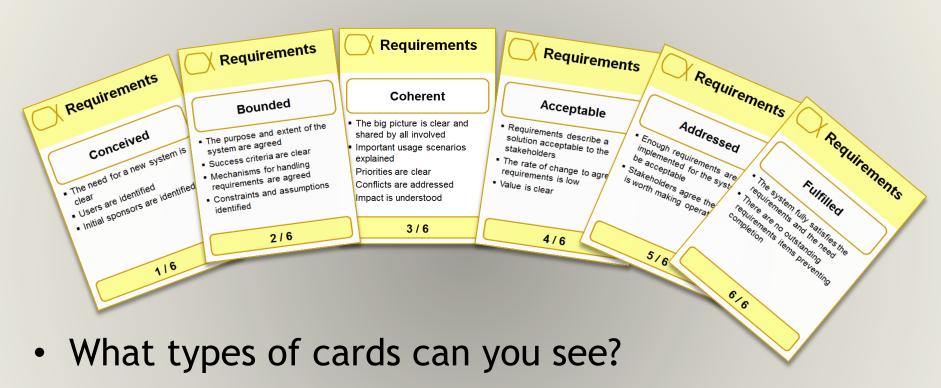
available for use and may be retrieved at http://semat.org/wp.

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Gold Review of Pin Spile Review

Edited by Mira Kaiko-Mattsson Copyright @ SEMAT

Essence Cards



- What do you think they are for?
- Is there any type missing?
- Does the colour of the cards indicate anything?



Some essential things to work with -**Alphas**

Requirements

Work

Team



Conceived

- . The need for a new system is
- Users are identified
- · Initial sponsors are identified

1/6

Requirements

Bounded

- . The purpose and extent of the system are agreed
- Success criteria are clear · Mechanisms for handling
- requirements are agreed · Constraints and assumptions

2/6

Requirements

Coherent

- . The big picture is clear and shared by all involved
- Important usage scenarios explained
- Priorities are clear Conflicts are addressed
- Impact is understood

Requirements

Acceptable

- Requirements describe a solution acceptable to the stakeholders
- The rate of change to agreed
- Value is clear

Requirements

Addressed

- Enough requirements are implemented for the system to be acceptable
- Stakeholders agree the system is worth making operational



Fulfilled

- . The system fully satisfies the requirements and the need
- There are no outstanding requirements items preventing completion

Software System



Architecture Selected

- Architecture selected that
- address key technical risks Criteria for selecting architecture agreed
- · Platforms, technologies, languages selected
- Buv. build, reuse decisions

Software System

Usable

- System is usable and has
- desired quality characteristics System can be operated by
- Functionality and performance have been tested and accepted
- Defect levels acceptable
- Release content known

Software System

Demonstrable

- Kev architecture characteristics demonstrated
- Relevant stakeholders agree
- architecture is appropriate Critical interface and system configurations exercised



Ready

- · User documentation available
- · Stakeholder representatives accept system
- Stakeholder representatives want to make system operational

Software System

Operational

- System in use in operational
- System available to intended
- At least one example of system is fully operational System supported to agreed

service levels

Work

Initiated

- Work initiator known
- Work constraints clear
- Sponsorship and funding mode
- Priority of work clear

Work

Prepared

- . Cost & effort estimated
- . Funding and resources to start
- work in place
- · Acceptance criteria understood
- · Governance procedures agreed
- Risk exposure understood
- Dependencies clear

Work

Started

- · Development work has started
- Work progress is monitored
- Work broken down into actionable items with clear
- definition of done Team members are accepting and progressing work items

Work

Under Control

- Work going well, risks being
- Unplanned work & re-work under control
- · Work items completed within
- estimates Measures tracked

Work

Concluded

- · Work to produce results have
- Work results are being achieved
- The client has accepted the resulting software system

Software System

Retired

- · System no longer supported Updates to system will no longer be produced
- System has been replaced or discontinued.

Work

Closed

- All remaining housekeeping tasks completed, and work
- officially closed Everything has been archived
- · Lessons learned and metrics made available

Team

- Seeded
- · Team's mission is clear
- . Team knows how to grow to achieve mission · Required competencies are
- Team size is determined

1/5

Team

- Formed Team has enough resources to
- Team organization & individual
- responsibilities understood · Members know how to perform

2/5

Team

Collaborating

- · Members working as one unit Communication is open and
- Members focused on team mission · Success of team ahead of

honest

Team

Performing

- · Team working efficiently and
- · Adapts to changing context
- · Produce high quality output Minimal backtracking and re-
- Waste continually eliminated

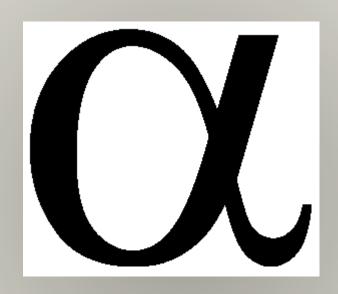
Team

Adjourned

- . Team no longer accountable Responsibilities handed over
- assignment

5/5

What is an Alpha?

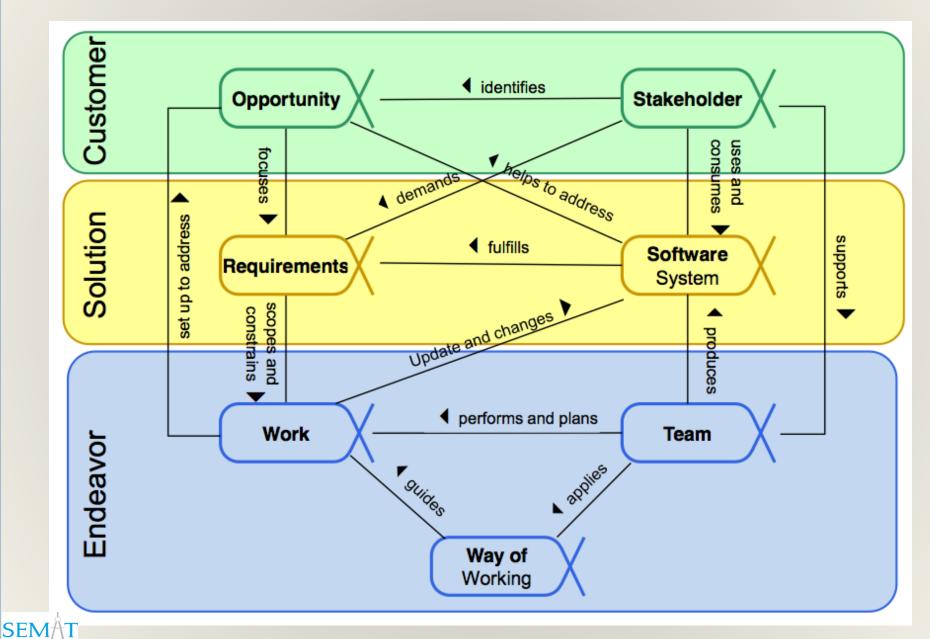


- Alpha is an acronym for an <u>A</u>bstract-<u>L</u>evel <u>P</u>rogress <u>H</u>ealth <u>A</u>ttribute.
- An essential element of the software engineering endeavor that is relevant to an assessment of the progress and health of the endeavor.



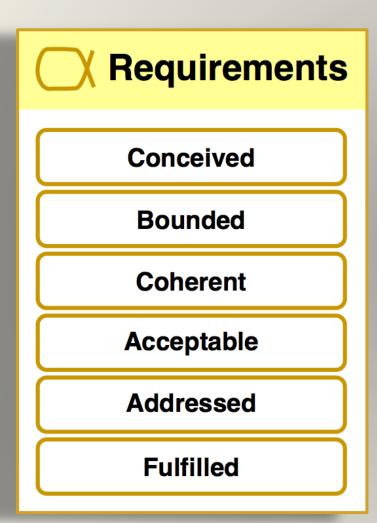
Essence Kernel Alphas







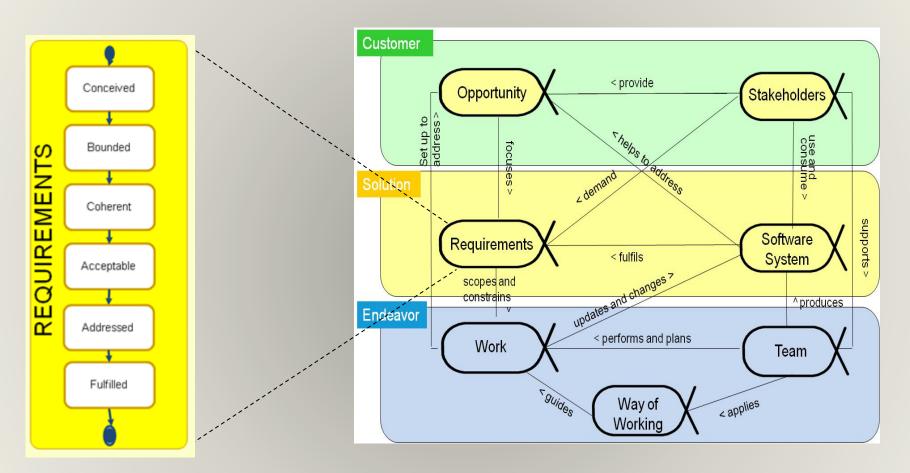
Peeking into the Alphas



- There are several cards for each Alpha. What does each cards stand for?
- What is included in each card?



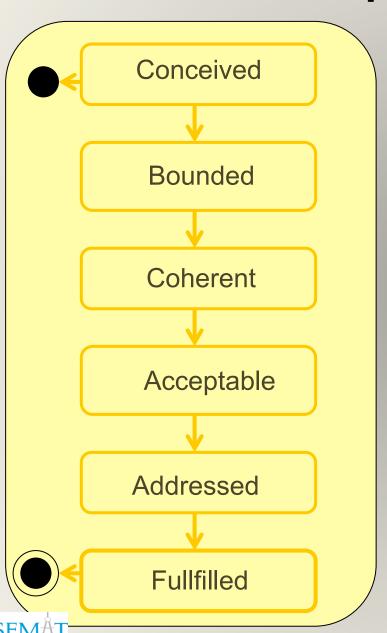
Requirements- one of the Alphas



Requirements Definition: What the software system must do to address the opportunity and satisfy the stakeholders.



Requirements states



The need for a new system has been agreed.

The purpose and theme of the new system are clear.

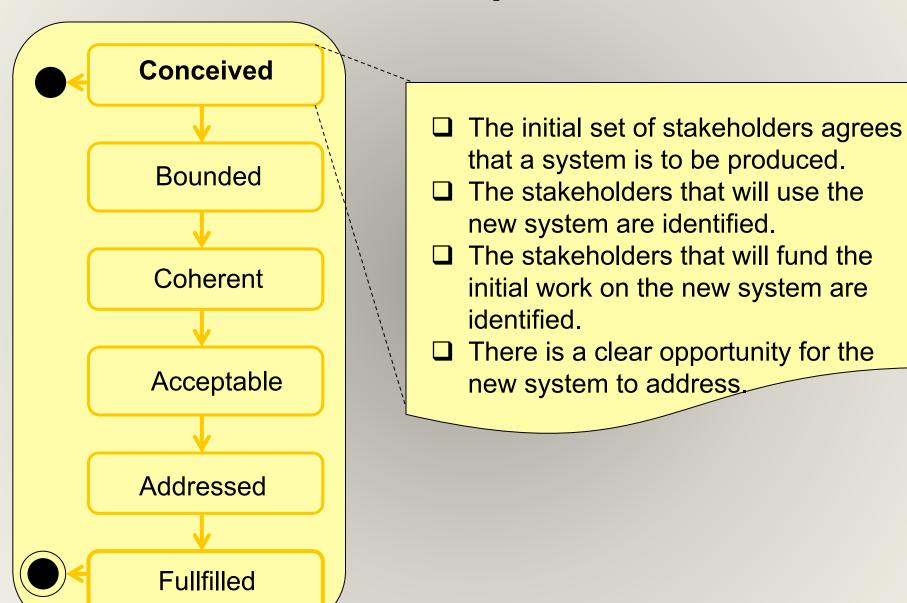
The requirements provide a coherent description of the essential characteristics of the new system.

The requirements describe a system that is acceptable to the stakeholders.

Enough of the requirements have been addressed to satisfy the need for a new system in a way that is acceptable to the stakeholders.

The requirements have been addressed to fully satisfy the need for a new system.

Checklist for requirements states



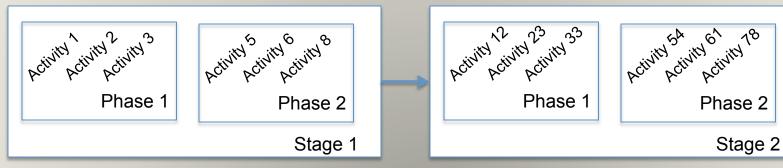
Essence Kernel



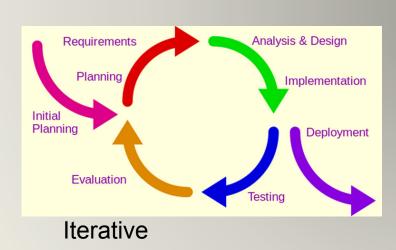
Customer **Activity Alphas** Spaces **Competencies** Things to work with Things to do Solution **Activity** Alphas **Spaces Competencies** Things to work with Things to do Endeavor **Activity** Alphas Spaces **Competencies** Things to work with Things to do

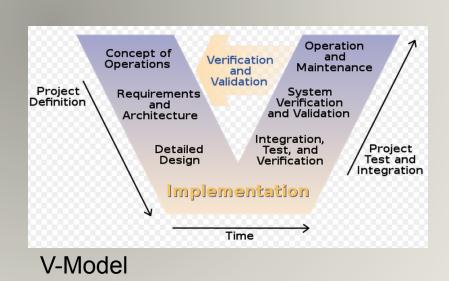


Software development methods today



Sequential





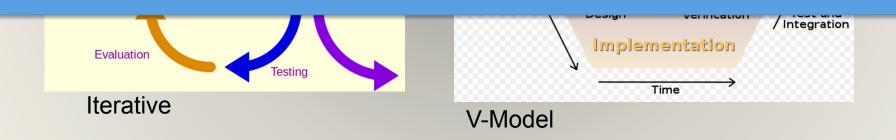


Software development methods today



Focus on activities in two essential things:

- Way of working
- Work





Four of the seven essential things

Requirements Requirements Requirements Requirements Requirements Requirements Sufficient **Fulfilled** Conceived **Bounded** Coherent Satisfactory · Need for system agreed by Described requirements System implementing Theme, scope, success criteria · Requirements adequately System implementing initial stakeholders provide coherent picture of the describe solution and requirements is worth making requirements is accepted as Mechanisms for managing acceptable to stakeholders operational fully satisfying the need Requirements system Users and customers identified Rate of change to agreed Enough requirements are No outstanding requirement · Expected benefit of system requirements in place · Conflicting requirements requirements is low and under implemented items prevent system from · Constraints and assumptions separated being accepted considered Important usage scenarios Stakeholders accent requirements as accurate Priority of requirements clear 1/6 2/6 3/6 4/6 5/6 6/6 Software Software Software Software Software Software System System System System System System Architecture Demonstrable Usable Ready Operational Retired Selected System is usable and has Software Architecture selected that Executable version of system · System (as a whole) has been · System in use in operational · System no longer supported desired quality characteristics address key technical risks demonstrates architecture is fit accepted for deployment in · Updates to system will no longer operational environment · Criteria for selecting architecture for purpose System can be operated by System available to intended be produced Supports functional and non-Sponsors users stakeholders System has been replaced or System Platforms, technologies, functional testing Functionality and performance accept system as fit for purpose At least one example of system discontinued. languages selected Critical interface and system have been tested and accepted Installation and other is fully operational configurations exercised · Buy, build, reuse decisions Defect levels acceptable System supported to agreed Operational support in place Release content known service levels 1/6 2/6 3/6 4/6 5/6 6/6 Work Work Work Work Work Work Initiated Prepared Started **Under Control** Concluded Closed · Work initiator and client known Cost & effort understood · Development work has started · Work going well, risks being Work to produce results have · All remaining housekeeping Work · Work goal and constraints clear · Funding in place Work progress is monitored managed, productivity levels been finished tasks completed, and work officially closed acceptable Work results are being achieved · Sponsorship and funding model Resource availability and risk Work broken down into Unplanned work & re-work Everything has been archived exposure understood actionable items with clear The client has accepted the clear definition of done under control resulting software system Lessons learned and metrics · Priority of work clear · Governance model is clear Team members are accepting Work items completed within made available Integration and delivery points and progressing work items estimates · Measures tracked 1/6 2/6 3/6 4/6 5/6 6/6 Team Team Team Team Team Seeded Formed Collaborating Performing Adjourned · Team's mission is clear · Team has enough resources to · Members working as one unit · Team working efficiently and · Team no longer accountable **Team** · Team knows how to grow to · Communication is open and · Responsibilities handed over

honest

Members focused on team

Success of team ahead of

3/5

personal objectives

· Adapts to changing context

· Produce high quality output

work

· Minimal backtracking and re-

· Waste continually eliminated

· Members available for other

5/5

assignment

Team organization & individual

· Members know how to perform

responsibilities understood

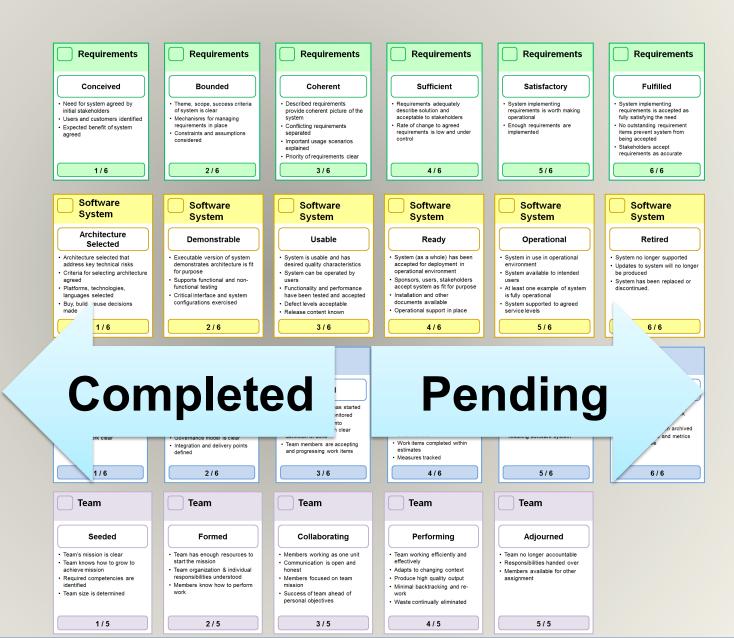
achieve mission

Required competencies are

· Team size is determined

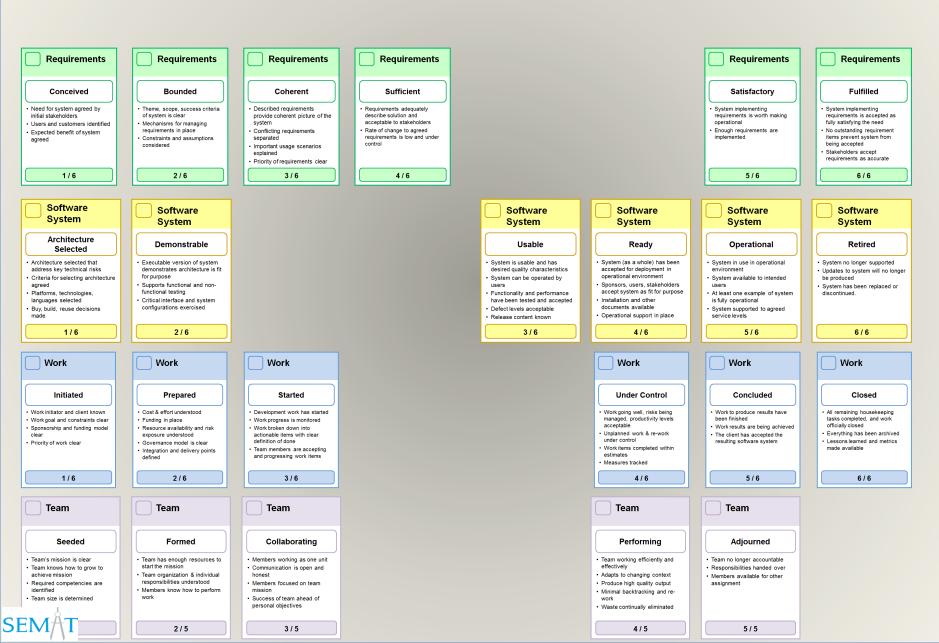
SEMAT

Plan: Determine Current State





Plan: Determine Next State



Plan: Determine How to Achieve Next State



Satisfactory

- System implementing requirements is worth making operational
- Enough requirements are implemented

5/6

Software System

Usable

- System is usable and has desired quality characteristics
- System can be operated by users
- Functionality and performance have been tested and accepted
- · Defect levels acceptable
- · Release content known

3/6

Work

Under Control

- Work going well, risks being managed, productivity levels acceptable
- Unplanned work & re-work under control
- Work items completed within estimates
- · Measures tracked

4/6

Team

Performing

- Team working efficiently and effectively
- · Adapts to changing context
- · Produce high quality output
- Minimal backtracking and rework
- · Waste continually eliminated

4/5

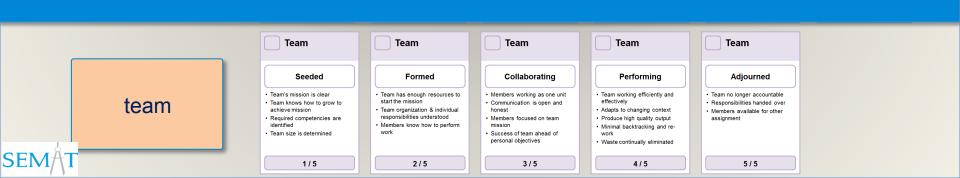


Essence Kernel

Requirements Requirements Requirements Requirements Requirements Requirements Requirements Requirements

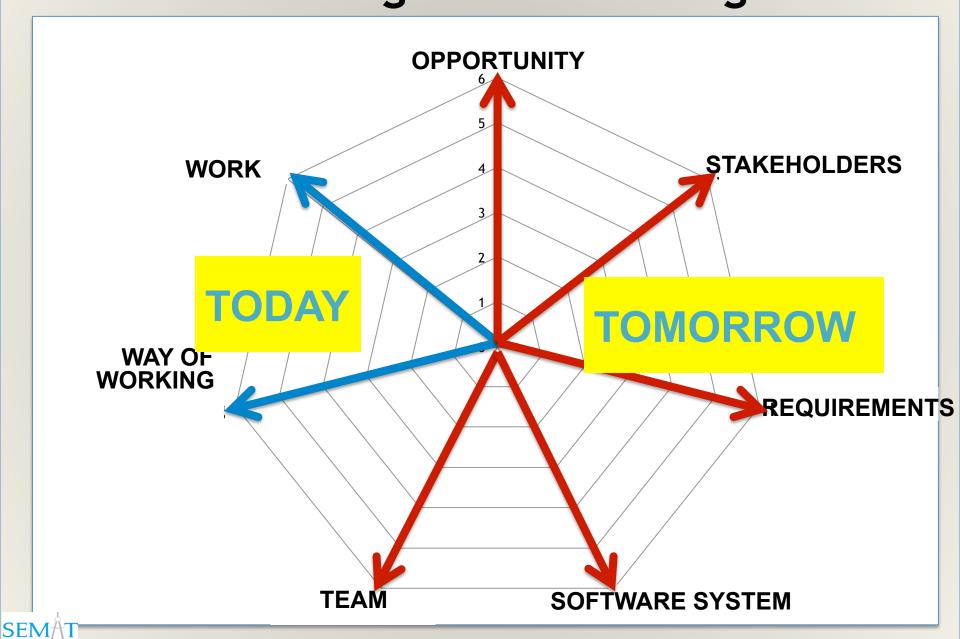
Focus on states in seven essential things:

- Way of working
- Work
- Stakeholder
- Opportunity
- Requirements
- Software System
- Team





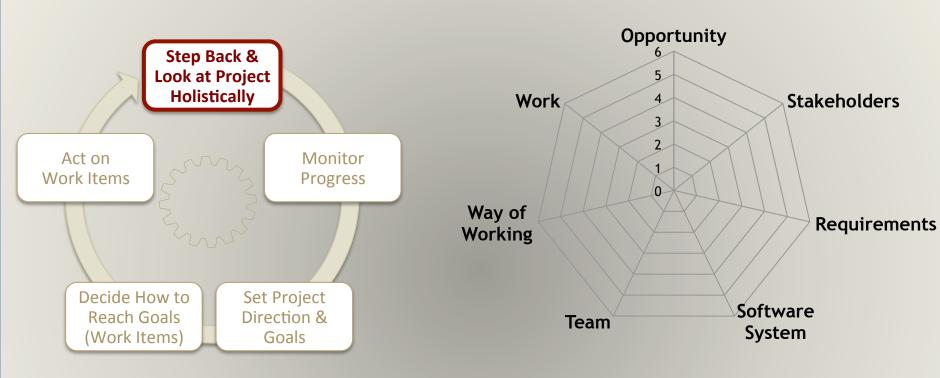
Following essential things



You do not need to use cards! You may use checklists!

State	Checklist
Recognized	All the different groups of stakeholders that are, or will be, affected by the development and operation of the software system are identified.
	There is agreement on the stakeholder groups to be represented. At a minimum, the stakeholders groups that fund, use, support, and maintain the system have been considered.
	The responsibilities of the stakeholder representatives have been defined.
Represented	The stakeholder representatives have agreed to take on their responsibilities.
	The stakeholder representatives are authorized to carry out their responsibilities.
	The collaboration approach among the stakeholder representatives has been agreed.
	The stakeholder representatives support and respect the team's way of working.
Involved	The stakeholder representatives assist the team in accordance with their responsibilities.
	The stakeholder representatives provide feedback and take part in decision making in a timely manner.
	The stakeholder representatives promptly communicate changes that are relevant for

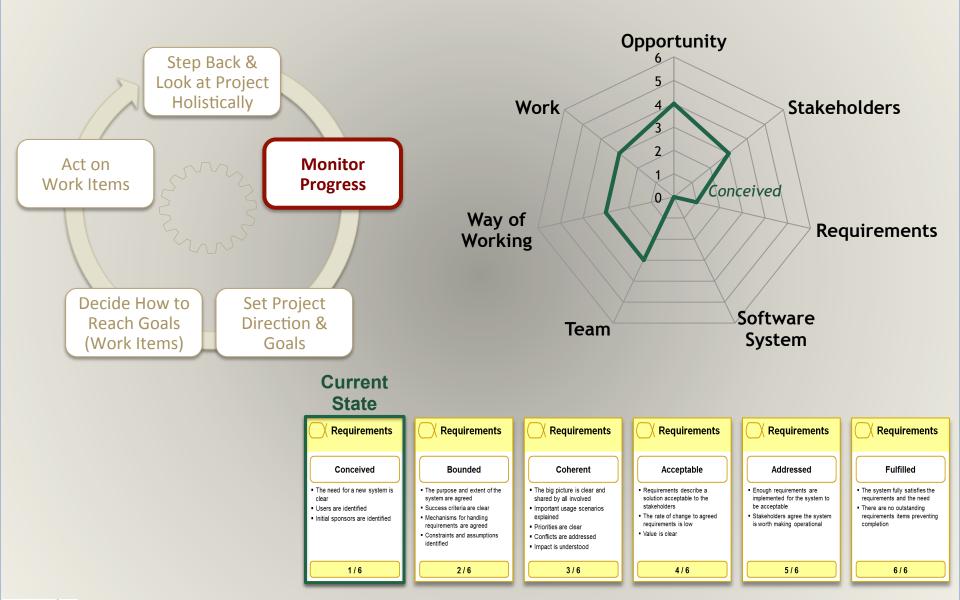






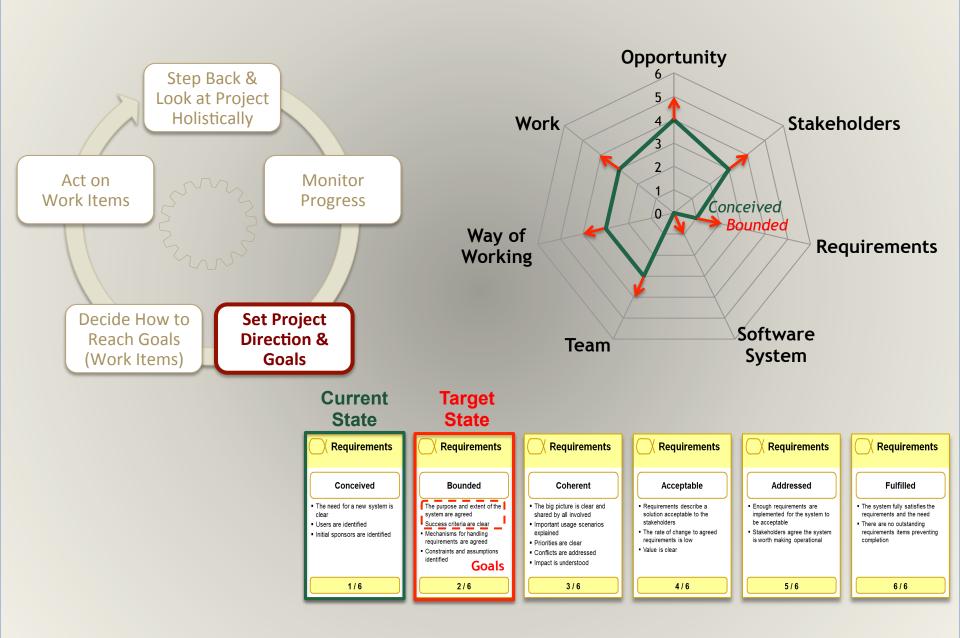




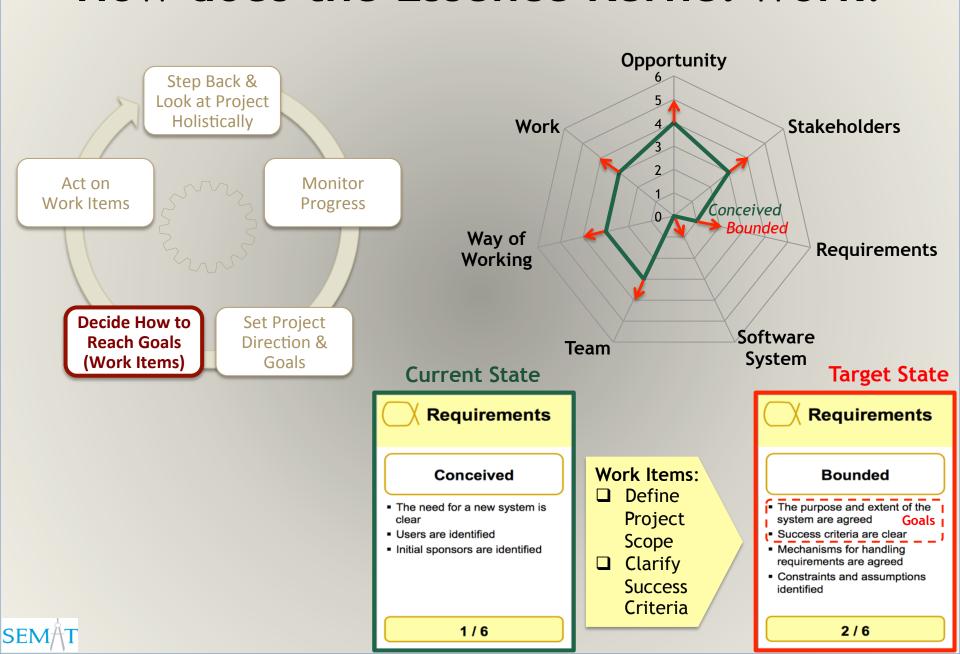
















Work Items

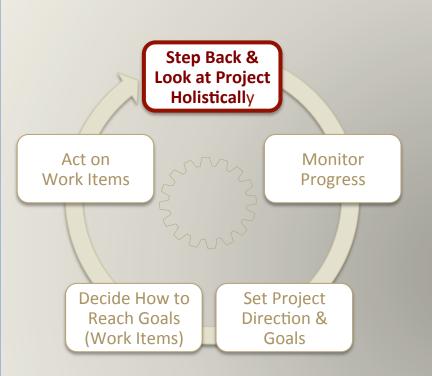
- ☐ Define Project Scope
- ☐ Clarify Success Criteria
- **...**
- **...**
- **____**
- **...**

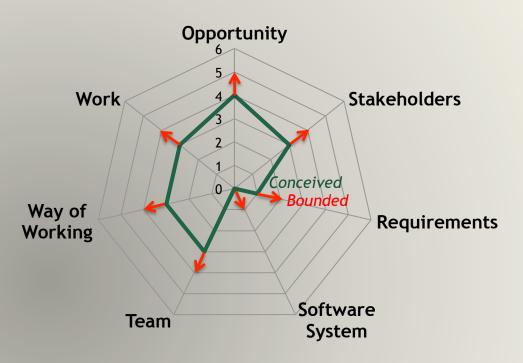






Time has passed











Agenda

- Part 1: Introduction
 - SEMAT and Essence
 - Essence Kernel
- Part 2: Using the Kernel
 - Scenario on Solving Pain Points
- Part 3: Exercising the Kernel
- Part 4: The value of the Kernel?
- Part 5: Kernel cont. & Kernel Extensions



Scenario on Solving Pain Points

Education Stream



Terminology used



- Endeavor
- Pain Points (PPs)
- Pain Point Intervention (PPI) Meetings



Scenario Introduction Output Description Output

Purpose of the scenario

 How to accelarate the progress of a software development endeavor by identifying and solving pain points

Pre-conditions

Background knowledge of Essence and its structure

When to Apply

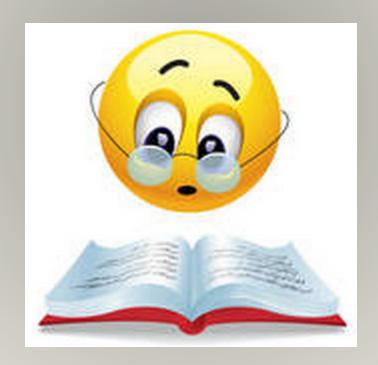
While experiencing problems in a software endeavor

Essence Scope

- Leveraging use of Alphas only
- Activity Spaces and Competencies don't feature in this scenario



Read on your own Scenario on Solving Pain Points pp. 2-9



Context



Five-member team is in charge of developing an online university course management system

The team

- works on the system's second release
- identifies pain points during Pain Point Intervention Meetings (PPIM)
- determines the current and target states of the endeavor by using Essence cards
- identifies appropriate tasks for remedying the pain semantial points

Steps in PPI Meetings

Identify Choose current Alpha state Identify pain points Determine Identify

target state

what to do

1st Pain Point Identification



- The team brainstorms the overall progress & health of the endeavor
 - Some faculty members resist migration to new system.
 - Lack of constructive user feedback.
- What should they do?
- Which Alpha should they choose first?



1st PPI: Selection of Cards



Stakeholders: The people, groups, or organizations who affect or are affected by a software system.

• One team member suggests that the Stakeholder Alpha be investigated first.



1st PPI: Selection of Cards



 The team members arrange all the Stakeholders Alpha cards in sequences.





Recognized: Stakeholders have been identified.

Recognized

- All the different groups of stakeholders that are, or will be, affected by the development and operation of the software system are identified.
- □ There is agreement on the stakeholder groups to be represented. At a minimum, the stakeholders groups that fund, use, support, and maintain the system have been considered.
- The responsibilities of the stakeholder representatives have been defined.

The Recognized state has been achieved

1/6



Represented

- The stakeholder representatives have agreed to take on their responsibilities.
- The stakeholder representatives are authorized to carry out their responsibilities.
- The collaboration approach among the stakeholder representatives has been agreed.
- The stakeholder representatives support and respect the team's way of working.

Represented: The mechanisms for involving the stakeholders are agreed and the stakeholder representatives have been appointed.

The Represented state is the next Target state

the faculty group is not represented.

Result

We are here

Our target





Recognized

- □ All the different groups of stakeholders that are, or will be, affected by the development and operation of the software system are identified.
- ☐ There is agreement on the stakeholder groups to be represented. At a minimum, the stakeholders groups that fund, use, support, and maintain the system have been considered.
- ☐ The responsibilities of the stakeholder representatives have been defined.

1/6





Stakeholders

Represented

- ☐ The stakeholder representatives have agreed to take on their responsibilities.
- ☐ The stakeholder representatives are authorized to carry out their responsibilities.
- ☐ The collaboration approach among the stakeholder representatives has been agreed.
- ☐ The stakeholder representatives support and respect the team's way of working.

2/6



Tasks- Stakeholders Alpha

- Task 1: Appoint stakeholder representatives for the faculty group, including supportive and unsupportive faculty members.
- Task 2: Agree on or modify existing definition of responsibilities and collaboration approaches of the faculty representatives. Because of the iterative nature of the endeavor, the stakeholder need to agree on providing feedback on a regular basis.

As a result. . .

 Tasks 1 and 2 receive attention

In addition:

- Engagement with other stakeholder groups continues
 - Administrators
 - Students
- Work on the endeavor continues
- To avoid over-burdening the team, additional alphas are introduced incrementally during future pain point intervention meetings



2nd PPI Meeting: Identify Current State - Stakeholders Alpha



Stakeholders

Represented

- The stakeholder representatives have agreed to take on their responsibilities.
- The stakeholder representatives are authorized to carry out their responsibilities.
- The collaboration approach among the stakeholder representatives has been agreed.
- □ The stakeholder representatives support and respect the team's way of working.

- Represented state has been achieved.
 - Four faculty
 representatives have been
 appointed: two supportive
 and two unsupportive
 - Agreement has been reached about their responsibilities and collaboration approach



2/6

2nd PPI Meeting: Identify Target State - Stakeholders Alpha



Stakeholders

<u>Involved</u>: The stakeholder representatives are actively involved in the work and fulfilling their responsibilities.

Involved

- □ The stakeholder representatives assist the team in accordance with their responsibilities.
- The stakeholder representatives provide feedback and take part in decision making in a timely manner.
- The stakeholder representatives promptly communicate changes that are relevant for their stakeholder groups.
- Despite receiving feedback from one faculty representative, this state has not yet been reached
 - Team has not been able to fully engage all faculty representatives





2nd PPI Meeting: Identify Target State -Stakeholders Alpha





Represented

- ☐ The stakeholder representatives have agreed to take on their responsibilities.
- ☐ The stakeholder representatives are authorized to carry out their responsibilities.
- ☐ The collaboration approach among the stakeholder representatives has been agreed.
- ☐ The stakeholder representatives support and respect the team's way of working.







Stakeholders

Involved

- ☐ The stakeholder representatives assist the team in accordance with their responsibilities.
- ☐ The stakeholder representatives provide feedback and take part in decision making in a timely manner.
- ☐ The stakeholder representatives promptly communicate changes that are relevant for their stakeholder groups.

2/6

3/6



2nd PPI Meeting: Identify Tasks Stakeholders Alpha

 Task 3: Prepare for short interviews with Faculty representatives

 Task 4: Carry out interviews with all Faculty representatives



2nd PPI Meeting Continues



- Negative feedback received from the unsupportive faculty member reveals that he does not see the value of the new system
- What should they do?
- Which Alpha should they choose next?



2nd PPI Meeting Continues



Opportunity: The set of circumstances that makes it appropriate to develop or change a software system.

Team decides to study the Opportunity alpha



2nd PPI Meeting Continues



- Opportunity alpha cards are arranged in sequence
- Examination of the cards helps the team uncover any issue related to the opportunity and its value to users



2nd PPI: Identify Current State -Opportunity Alpha





X Opportunity

Identified

- ☐ An idea for a way of improving current ways of working, increasing market share or applying a new or innovative software system has been identified.
- At least one of the stakeholders wishes to make an investment in better understanding the opportunity and the value associated with addressing it.
- ☐ The other stakeholders who share the opportunity have been identified.



2nd PPI Meeting: Identify To the State - Opportunity





Solution Needed

- ☐ The stakeholders in the opportunity and the proposed solution have been identified.
- ☐ The stakeholders' needs that generate the opportunity have been established.
- ☐ Any underlying problems and their root causes have been identified.
- □ It has been confirmed that a software-based solution is needed.
- ☐ At least one software-based solution has been proposed.

There is clearly a need the for articulating the communicating to all communication value to all solution members.

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established.

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value Established

- □The value of addressing the opportunity has been quantified either in absolute terms or in returns or savings per time period.
- ☐The impact of the solution on the stakeholders is understood.
- The value that the software system offers to the stakeholders that fund and use the software system is understood.
- □The success criteria by which the deployment of the *software system* is to be judged are clear.
- ☐ The desired outcomes required of the solution are clear and quantified.

We are here

Our target

2/6





2nd PPI Meeting: Identify Tasks - Opportunity Alpha

- Task 5: Prepare a short demonstration of the new solution key features while articulating their value (including value over the wiki-based solution)
- Task 6: Present solution value to faculty during weekly faculty meeting

Moving forward . . .



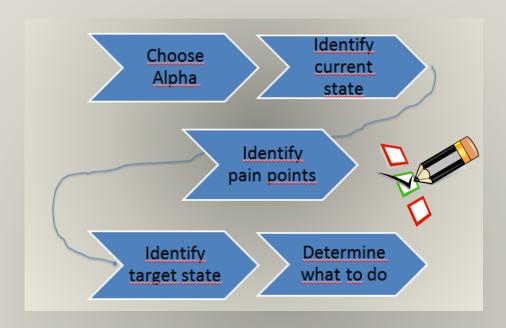
- The team briefly reviews alphas that have been identified as candidates for pain point identification
- New alphas are introduced incrementally as needed, to address new pain points or simply check the state of the endeavor

Agenda

- Part 1: Introduction
 - SEMAT and Essence
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- Part 4: The value of the Kernel?
- Part 5: Kernel cont. & Kernel Extensions



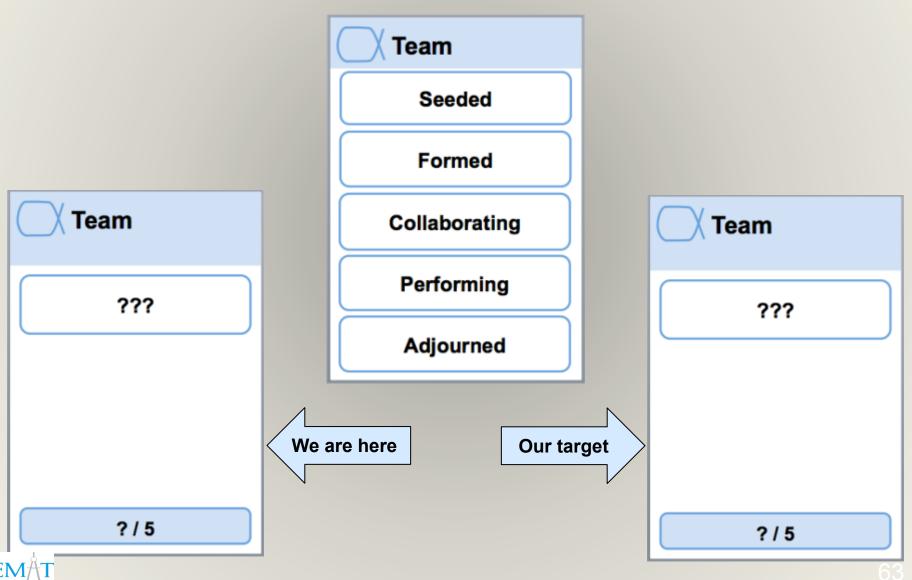
Your turn!



- Create a discussion group
- Read the handout for Scenario 2
- Assess the Team alpha
- Assess the Requirements alpha

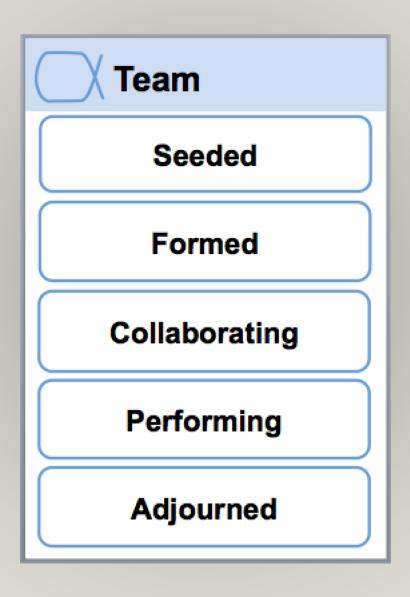


Directions for the discussion



SEM/\T

Let us share what we have found





One possible finding to share



Seeded

- The team mission has been defined in terms of the opportunities and outcomes.
- Constraints on the team's operation are known.
- Mechanisms to grow the team are in place.
- The composition of the team is defined.
- Any constraints on where and how the work is carried out are defined.
- The team's responsibilities are outlined.
- The level of team commitment is clear.
- Required competencies are identified.
- The team size is determined.
- Governance rules are defined.
- Leadership model is selected.

1/5

Action Items:

- ☐ Team needs to establish communication mechanisms
- ☐ Put a tool in place to track issues
- ☐ Team needs to work on how they deal with problems related to acceptance of stakeholders viewpoints
- Setup a session to talk about how to react to negative feedback



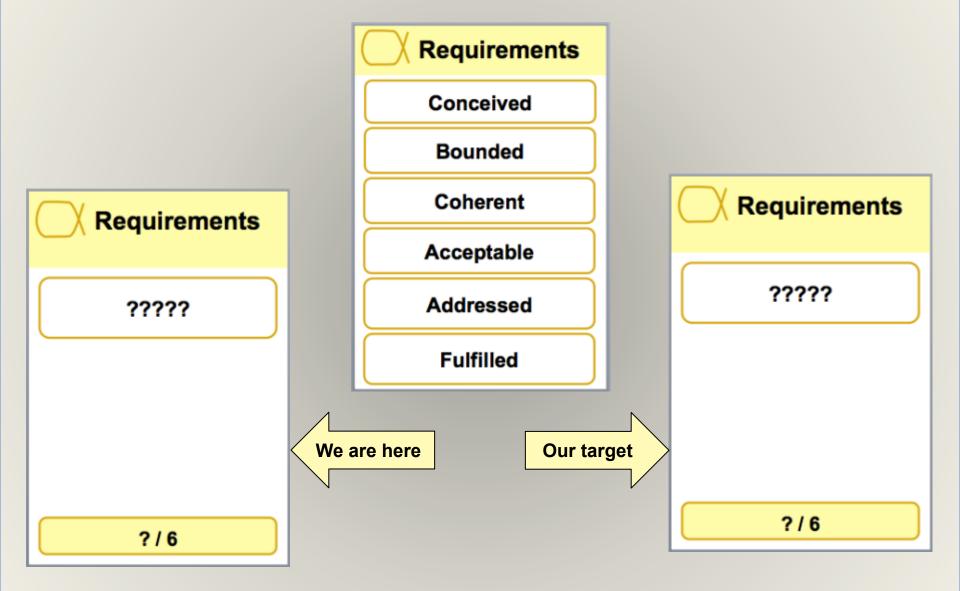
Formed

- Individual responsibilities are understood.
- Enough team members have been recruited to enable the work to progress.
- Every team member understands how the team is organized.
- All team members understand how to perform their work.
- The team members have met (perhaps virtually) and are beginning to get to know each other
- The team members understand their responsibilities and how they align with their competencies.
- Team members are accepting work.
- Any external collaborators (organizations, teams and individuals) are identified.
- Team communication mechanisms have been defined.
- Each team member commits to working on the team as defined.

2/5

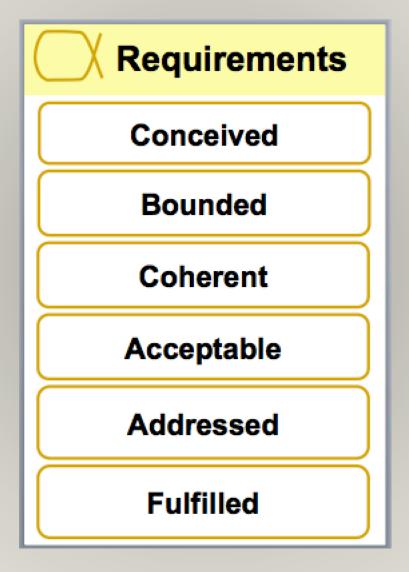


Directions for the discussion





Let us share what you have found





One possible finding to share



Requirements

Coherent

- The requirements are captured and shared with the team and the stakeholders.
- The origin of the requirements is clear.
- The rationale behind the requirements is clear.
- Conflicting requirements are identified and attended to.
- The requirements communicate the essential characteristics of the system to be delivered.
- The most important usage scenarios for the system can be explained.
- □ The priority of the requirements is clear.
- The impact of implementing the requirements is understood.
- The team understands what has to be delivered and agrees to deliver it.

3/6

Action Items:

- Redefine requirement related to grading
- Obtain

 acceptance
 from faculty
 representatives



Requirements

Acceptable

- □The stakeholders accept that the requirements describe an acceptable solution.
- □The rate of change to the agreed requirements is relatively low and under control.
- □The value provided by implementing the requirements is clear.
- ☐ The parts of the opportunity satisfied by the requirements are clear.
- □The requirements are testable.

4/6



Summary: In this scenario ...



- We have acquainted ourselves with the Kernel Alphas
- We have learned

SEM/T

- how to use the Alpha states to identify pain points and current and target states
- how to identify action items to achieve target states and alleviate pain points

Summary: In this scenario ...



- we have also learned that
 - problems that are usually common to many software projects can be avoided through the use of the Essence kernel



Summary: In this scenario ...



- we have also learned that
 - the Essence kernel provides a holistic approach to assess the health and the progress of a software project

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How does the approach provide value to the project team?





Value comes primarily from team discussions



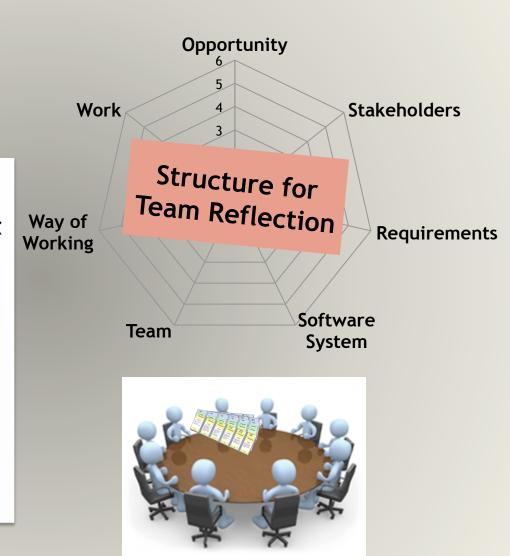


Step Back & Look at Project Holistically

Quotes from CMU Students:

"Essence gives us a chance to back up and look at the project as a whole, from the birds point of view."

"Essence provides a structured way of thinking about critical aspects of the project. Without Essence, our team could have overlooked some of these aspects."







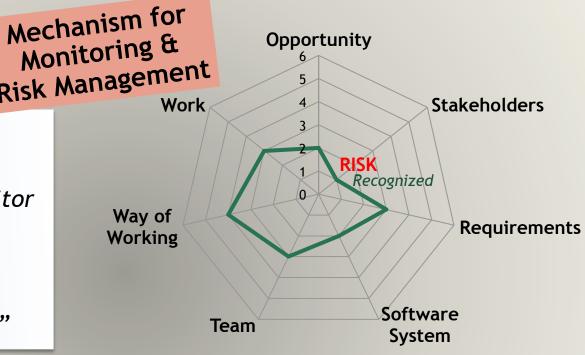
Monitor Progress

Monitoring & Risk Management

Quotes from CMU Students:

"The alphas seem to be exactly the right areas to monitor to promote project success."

"Essence is great for team reflection & risk management."



RISK: Opportunity & Requirements defined without proper stakeholders involvement



Recognized Stakeholders have been identified

Stakeholders

 There is agreement on stakeholder groups to be represented

 Responsibilities of stakeholder representatives defined

1/6

Stakeholders

Represented

- Stakeholder representatives appointed
- Stakeholder representatives agreed to take on responsibilities & authorized
- Collaboration approach agreed Representatives respect team
- way of working 2/6

Stakeholders

Involved

- Stakeholder representatives carry out responsibilities
- Stakeholder representatives provide feedback & take part in decisions in timely way
- Stakeholder representatives promptly communicate to stakeholder group

Stakeholders

In Agreement

- Stakeholder representatives agree their input is valued and respected by the team
- Stakeholder representatives agree with how different priorities balance
- Stakeholder representatives have agreed upon minimal expectations for deploymen 4/6

Stakeholders

Satisfied for Deployment

- Stakeholder representatives provide feedback on system from their stakeholder group perspective
- Stakeholder representatives confirm system ready for deployment



Satisfied in Use

- System has met or exceed minimal stakeholder expectations
- Stakeholder needs and expectations are being met

6/6



Cécile Péraire

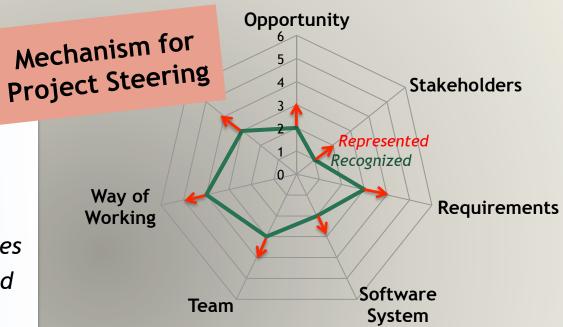


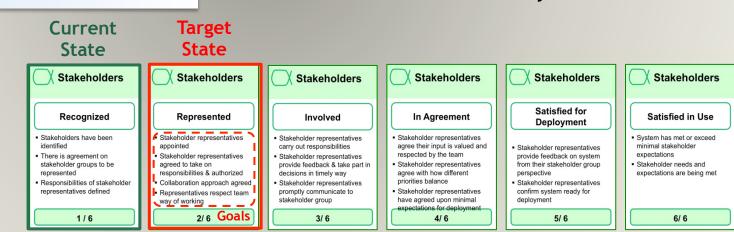
Set Project
Direction &
Goals

Quotes from CMU Students:

"Essence gives us structure and direction."

"Essence is useful, as it gives you an agenda or checklist based on various dimensions."







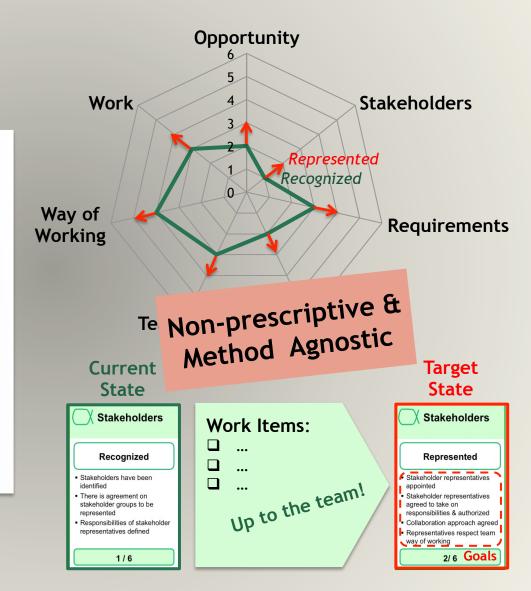
Cécile Péraire



Decide How to Reach Goals (Work Items)

Quote from CMU Student:

"I will use Essence on my next project, especially with a team that is not used to the same software engineering process. In that case Essence is a backdrop at the basis of the communication about all the considerations for the success of the project."





Cécile Péraire



How does the approach provide value to the project team?

The Essence kernel provides a structure and mechanism for:

- Progress monitoring
- Team reflection
- Risk management
- Project steering



In a holistic, simple, lightweight, non-prescriptive and method-agnostic fashion

Usage

Grasp holistically the SE Scope Query for Quidance

Identify gaps in competencies

weaknessess and memoris of the

Design methods

Determine current project status

Compare methods/pracetices

Support tool building

Plan

work

Improve methods

Assess risks

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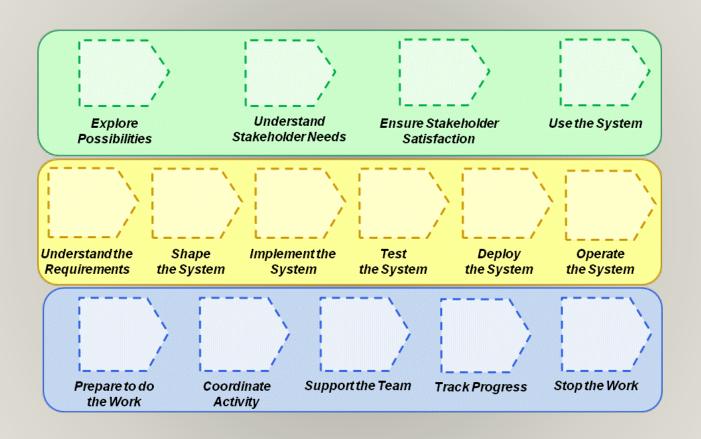


Customer **Activity Alphas** Spaces **Competencies** Things to work with Things to do Solution Activity Alphas **Spaces Competencies** Things to work with Things to do Endeavor **Activity** Alphas Spaces **Competencies** Things to work with Things to do



Activity Spaces – Things To Do





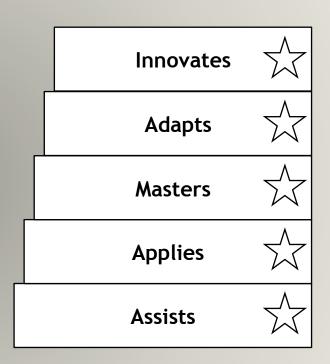
Activity based view of software engineering



Competencies



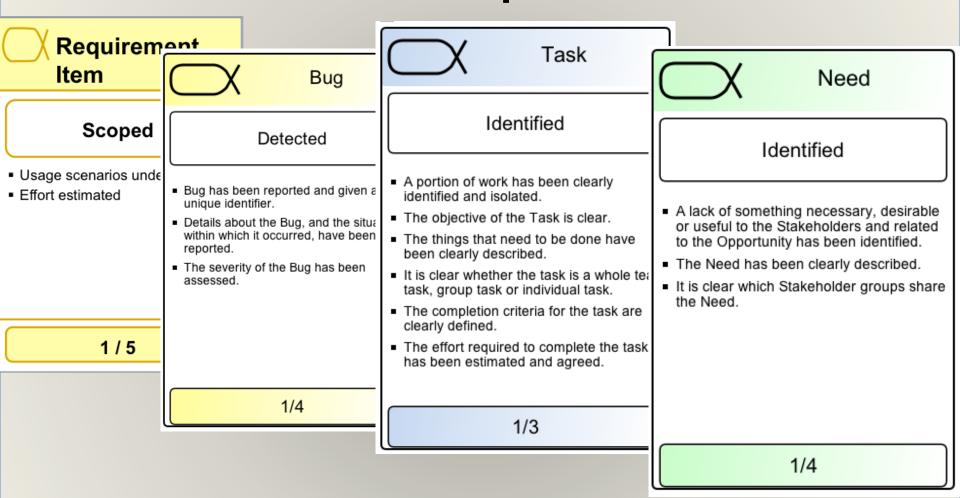




View of key competencies needed in software engineering



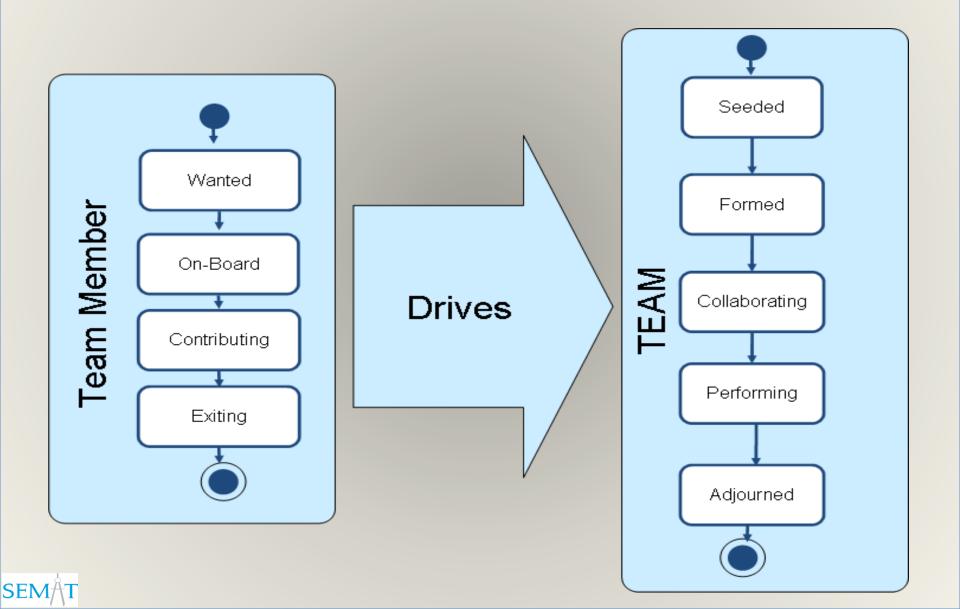
Sub-Alphas



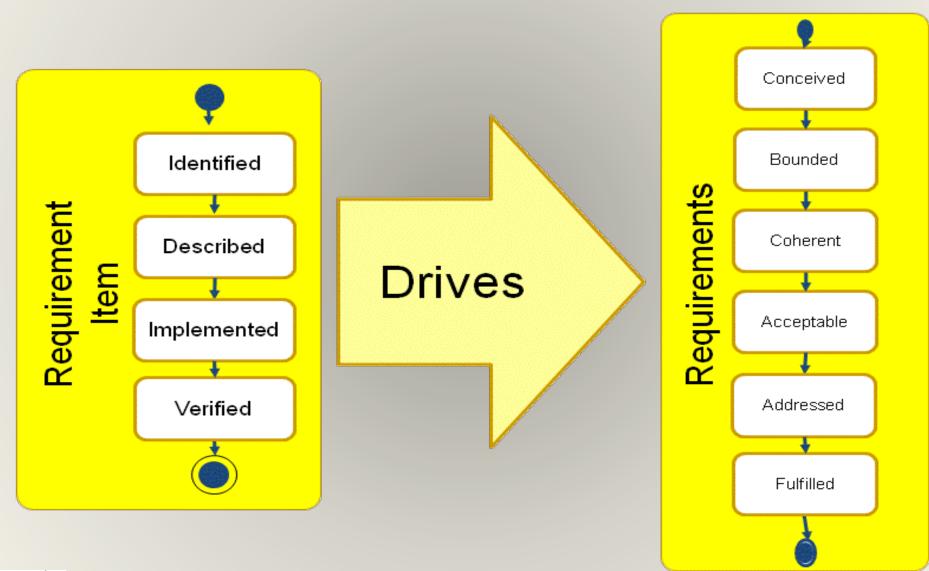
Sub-alphas could be added to the Kernel's alphas to monitor and steer other aspects of the project as needed (like user stories, bugs, tasks, etc.)



Sub-Alpha: Team Member



Sub-Alpha: Requirements Item





References

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- Ivar Jacobson and all. The Essence of Software Engineering: The SEMAT Kernel, acmqueue, 2012.
- Ivar Jacobson and all. Agile and SEMAT Perfect Partners, acmqueue, 2013
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- Cécile Péraire and Todd Sedano. State-based Monitoring and Goaldriven Project Steering: Field Study of the SEMAT Essence Framework, ICSE'14, 2014. http://works.bepress.com/cecile_peraire/1/
- Cécile Péraire and Todd Sedano. Essence Reflection Meetings: Field Study, EASE'14, 2014. http://works.bepress.com/cecile_peraire/31/
- SEMAT Essence Kernel Tool, http://essence.sv.cmu.edu



